



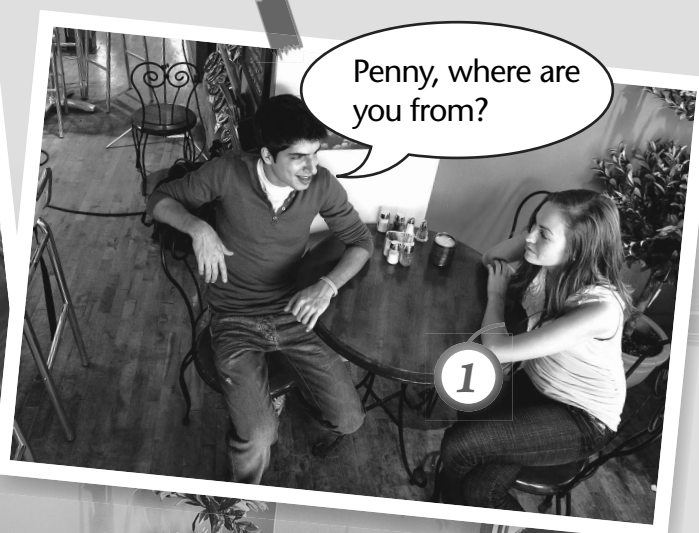
MEETING NEW PEOPLE

GIVE IT A TRY

Listen to the short conversations and match the pictures with the numbers below. MP3 / 01



- ❶ I'm from England.
- ❷ Hi, I'm Doris. Nice to meet you, too.
- ❸ She's my friend, Nancy.
- ❹ Wow! She has long hair and blue eyes. Where's she from?
- ❺ Nice to meet you, Jane.
- ❻ You, too.



SPEAK UP

Answer the questions.

1. Who is your best friend?
2. How does your best friend look?
3. Are you taller than your best friend?
4. Where is your best friend from?
5. What do you like to do with your best friend?

MORE TO LEARN

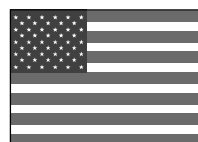
Describing People



- ★ tall (tɔl)
- ★ thin (θɪn)
- ★ long hair (lɒŋ) (hɛr)
- ★ short hair (ʃɔrt) (hɛr)
- ★ straight hair (streɪt) (hɛr)
- ★ curly hair (ˈkɜli) (hɛr)
- ★ short (ʃɔrt)
- ★ chubby (ˈtʃʌbi)

Country

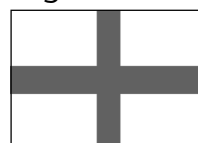
America (əˈmɛrɪkə)



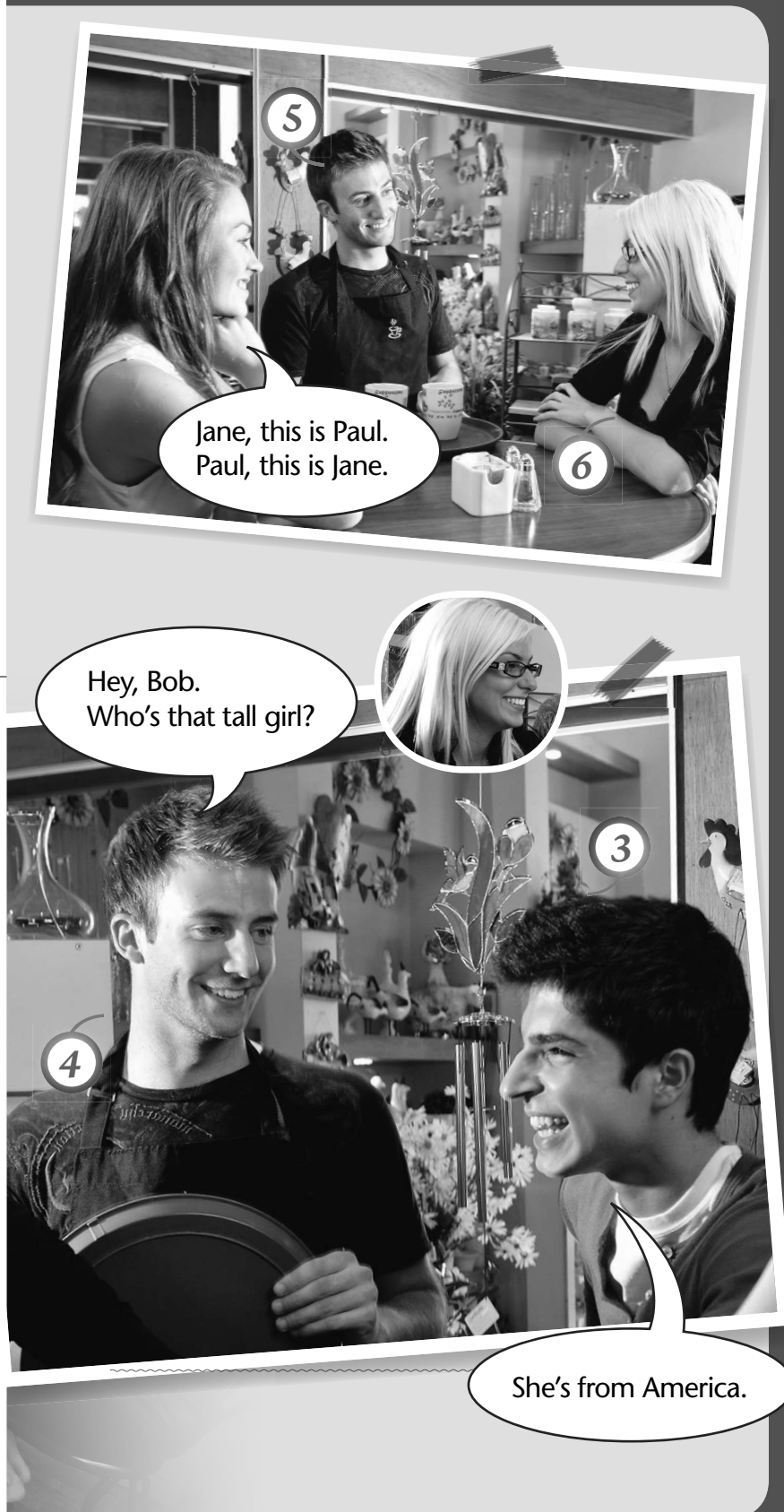
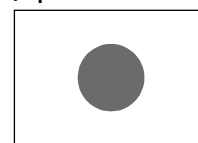
Canada (ˈkænədə)



England (ˈɪŋɡlənd)



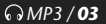
Japan (dʒəˈpæn)





A Listen to the three short conversations and number the pictures.  MP3 / 02



B Listen and complete the conversation.  MP3 / 03

*it's true**too**And you, too**also**How*

We're from Japan

Tim: Hi. I'm Tim, from America.

Yuki: Hi, Tim. I'm Yuki, and this is my friend, Taki. We're from Japan.

Taki: Nice to meet you.

Tim: And you, too, Taki.
I guessed you are both from Japan.

Yuki: Really? How?

Tim: Because you both have black hair and brown eyes.

Yuki: Ha-ha. Yes, it's true.
And we guessed you're **American**¹ because . . .

Tim: I'm chubby, right? Yeah,
we do love our food
in **the States**².

Yuki: Who's the girl over there? She has long, curly hair and blue eyes.

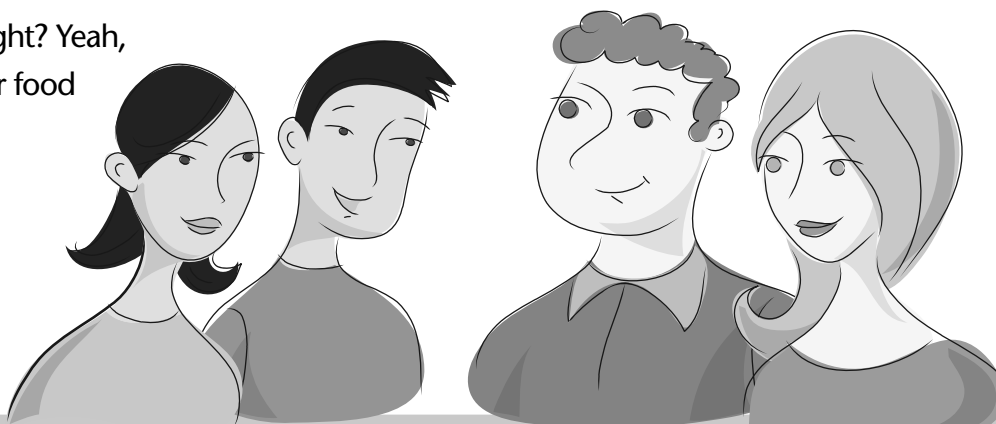
Tim: Oh, that's my girlfriend, Jessica. She's also from the States.

Yuki: Really? She doesn't look American.

Taki: She looks too thin.

Tim: Well, not all American people are fat. Besides, Jessica only eats salad.

Taki: Ha-ha! I guess we watch too much American TV.





Language Notes

* 1. American [əˈmɛrɪkən] *n. / adj.*
Rick is from America. He's American.

2. the States (= the United States) *phr.*
I love fast food from the States.

* Represents GEPT elementary vocabulary

UNIT
1

 Listen and check the correct answer.  MP3 / 04

1. ☒ a. The States ☐ b. Japan ☐ c. Canada

2. ☒ a. Tim ☐ b. Yuki ☐ c. Jessica

3. ☐ a. Tim and Yuki ☒ b. Yuki and Taki ☐ c. Jessica and Tim

4. ☐ a. Just Tim ☐ b. Just Jessica ☒ c. Both Tim and Jessica

5. ☐ a. Yuki ☐ b. Taki ☒ c. Jessica

6. ☒ a. Jessica ☐ b. Yuki ☐ c. Tim

7. ☒ a. Long ☐ b. Straight ☐ c. Long and straight

8. ☐ a. They are thin. ☒ b. They are fat. ☐ c. They are short.

**PRESENT SIMPLE****Be Verbs****Yes/No Questions**

Question	"Yes" Response	"No" Response
Are you from Japan?	Yes, I'm from Japan. Yes, we're from Japan.	No, I'm not. I'm from Taiwan. No, we're not. We're from Taiwan.
Is he from England?	Yes, he's from England.	No, he's not. He's from America.
Are they from Canada?	Yes, they're from Canada.	No, they're not. They're from America.

Where, What, Who Questions

Question	Response
Where are you from?	I'm from Taiwan.
What's your name?	My name is Ann. / I'm Ann.
Who's that short girl?	She's my sister, Kelly.

CONTRACTIONS*I am = I'm**you are = you're**he is = he's**she is = she's**it is = it's**we are = we're**they are = they're**is not = isn't**are not = aren't**do not = don't**does not = doesn't**he is not = he isn't = he's not**she is not = she isn't = she's not**it is not = it isn't = it's not**we are not = we aren't = we're not**you are not = you aren't = you're not**they are not = they aren't = they're not***Questions***What is = What's**Who is = Who's**Where is = Where's***A Circle the correct answer.****Example** I ((am) / are) cute.① He (are / is) tall.

② ((Are) / Is) you short?

③ David (is / are) from England.④ Phil and Lily (isn't / aren't) chubby.⑤ She (am / is) thin.⑥ We (are / is) from America.**B Change the following sentences into questions.****Example** No, I'm not Jane. → Are you Jane?① Yes, he's short. → Is he short?③ She's from England. → Where is she from?② Yes, we're from Taiwan. → Are you from Taiwan?

Base Verbs

Yes/No Questions

Question	"Yes" Response	"No" Response
Do you have blue eyes?	Yes, I do. I have blue eyes.	No, I don't. I have brown eyes.
Does she have curly hair?	Yes, she does. She has curly hair.	No, she doesn't. She doesn't have curly hair. She has straight hair.
Do they have short hair?	Yes, they do. They have short hair.	No, they don't. They don't have short hair. They have long hair.

What, Who Questions

Question	Response
What does he look like?	He's tall and thin. He has short hair and green eyes.
Who has straight hair?	Kate has straight hair.

A Write the words below in the correct blanks.

<i>blue eyes</i>	<i>short hair</i>	<i>tall</i>	<i>curly hair</i>	<i>chubby</i>
<i>long hair</i>	<i>thin</i>	<i>straight hair</i>	<i>short</i>	<i>brown eyes</i>
I	am	<u>tall</u>	<u>chubby</u>	<u>thin</u>
He / She	is	<u>short</u>		
We / You / They	are			
I / We / You / They	have	<u>blue eyes</u>	<u>brown eyes</u>	<u>short hair</u>
He / She	has	<u>long hair</u>	<u>curly hair</u>	<u>straight hair</u>

B Complete the conversation below. Then practice with a partner.

A: What does your friend, John, look like?

B: Well, he's thin and he has short hair and blue eyes.

A: Really? Does he have curly hair?

B: Yes, he does.

A: Is he tall?

B: No, he isn't. He's short, but he's handsome.



LISTENING TEST



聽力測驗：看圖辨義

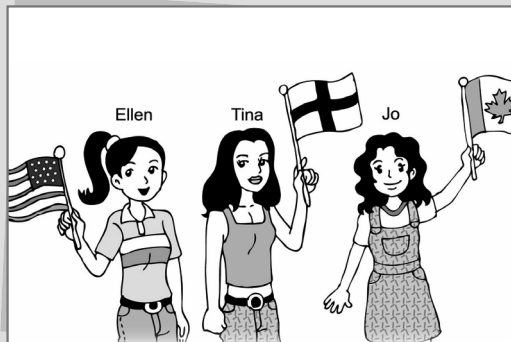
MP3 / 05

請聽題目及三個選項，選出與圖案最相符的答案。

1. ☒ A

☐ B

☐ C



3. ☐ A

☐ B

☒ C



2. ☐ A

☒ B

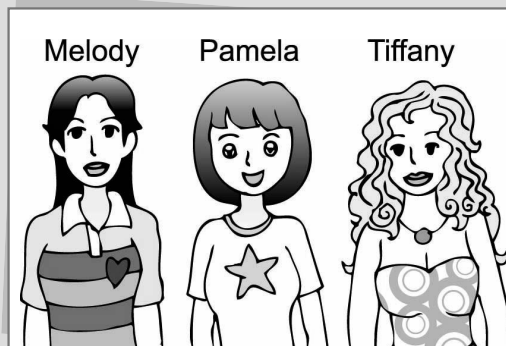
☐ C



4. ☐ A

☐ B

☒ C



聽力測驗：問答

MP3 / 06

請聽問題，再從三個選項中選出一個最適合的答案。

1. C A Yes, she does.

C Yes, I do.

B No, we haven't.

2. A A They are my sister and her friend. B His name is Alan.

C They are in Japan.

3. B A Yes, I like the UK very much.

C Yes, I like Japan very much.

B Yes, I like the States very much.

4. A A I'm from Taiwan.

C I enjoy swimming.

B I like fast food.

5. A A I'm Tim.

C You're welcome.

B No, thanks.

6. C A Yes, they are.

C Yes, I am.

B Yes, he is.



聽力測驗：簡短對話 MP3 / 07







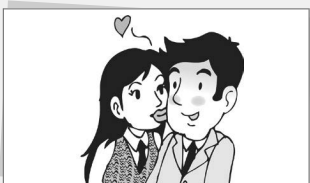





請聽一段對話和一個相關的問題後，再從三個選項中選出一個最適合的答案。

1. B Ⓐ He gave the boy some money.
 Ⓑ He said they can go to the park.
 Ⓒ He said no, so they won't be able to.
2. A Ⓐ She wants to go and say hello to her grandpa.
 Ⓑ She wants to go and play with her grandpa.
 Ⓒ She wants to go and listen to her grandpa.
3. C Ⓐ Behind her ear Ⓑ On top of her head Ⓒ Inside her mouth
4. C Ⓐ Its thoughts Ⓑ Its greetings Ⓒ Its culture
5. C Ⓐ He thinks she is a very smart girl.
 Ⓑ He didn't want to go to the movies.
 Ⓒ He couldn't find someone else.
6. B Ⓐ The library Ⓑ The cafeteria Ⓒ The classroom



聽力測驗：短文聽解 MP3 / 08

每題有三個圖片選項，請聽題目，並選出一個最適當的圖片。

1. ☐ A  ☒ B  ☐ C 
2. ☐ A  ☐ B  ☒ C 
3. ☐ A  ☒ B  ☐ C 
4. ☐ A  ☐ B  ☒ C 



READING COMPREHENSION

A Each picture represents a greeting. Match the country with the correct picture.



Japan

Taiwan

New Zealand
(Maori)

France

B Read the article and check the best title. MP3 / 09



☐ **Kiss Goodbye!** ☐ **Friends Forever!** ☒ **Hello, World!**

Greetings change from **culture**¹ to culture. Here are a few from around the world:

China and Taiwan

5 People usually give each other a little **nod**² to say hello.

The United States

Men and women **shake**³ hands the first time they meet.



10 France

French people kiss each other once on each **cheek**⁴ to say both hello and goodbye.

Tibet

15 In Tibet, **sticking** your tongue **out**⁵ at someone is actually **polite**⁶. It shows you have no **evil**⁷ **thoughts**⁸. If you do that in some other cultures, though, you won't find friends easily.

20 New Zealand


When meeting a Maori from New Zealand, touch your nose against his or her nose with your eyes closed. It's not easy, but this is how Maori people **greet**⁹ one another.

Remember that different people have their own greetings. Keep an open mind and you'll have lots of interesting experiences. Bon voyage!

Language Notes

- * 1. culture [ˈkʌltʃə] *n.*
He loves working abroad and meeting people from different cultures.
- * 2. nod [nɒd] *n.*
The doorman gave me a friendly nod.
- * 3. shake [ʃeɪk] *v.*
My father shook the neighbor's hand warmly.
- 4. cheek [tʃiːk] *n.*
I always kiss Mom on the cheek before going to bed.
- 5. stick . . . out *phr.*
Tracy made a face and stuck her tongue out.
- * 6. polite [pəˈlaɪt] *adj.*
It's not polite to talk with your mouth full.
- 7. evil [ˈiːvəl] *adj.*
The woman was punished for her evil acts.
- * 8. thought [θɔːt] *n.*
I've just had a thought; it might be quicker to go by taxi.
- * 9. greet [ɡriːt] *v.*
My neighbor greeted me with a smile.

* Represents GEPT elementary vocabulary

 Check the correct answer.

1. What part of the body is NOT used in the greetings discussed in the article?

<input type="checkbox"/> a. The mouth	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> b. The feet
<input type="checkbox"/> c. The nose	<input type="checkbox"/> d. The tongue
2. In which country is the greeting the same whether you're meeting or leaving?

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> a. France	<input type="checkbox"/> b. Tibet
<input type="checkbox"/> c. New Zealand	<input type="checkbox"/> d. China
3. Which people don't look at each other when saying hello?

<input type="checkbox"/> a. Taiwanese	<input type="checkbox"/> b. French
<input type="checkbox"/> c. Tibetan	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> d. Maori
4. In which of the following countries do people NOT touch when greeting?

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> a. Taiwan	<input type="checkbox"/> b. France
<input type="checkbox"/> c. New Zealand	<input type="checkbox"/> d. The United States
5. Why do Tibetans stick out their tongues when greeting?

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> a. To show they're not thinking bad things
<input type="checkbox"/> b. To show they don't like other people
<input type="checkbox"/> c. To show they are not eating anything
<input type="checkbox"/> d. To show they're naughty

GREETING
WORDS &
PHRASES

FLAG & COUNTRY		HELLO	GOODBYE
	JAPAN	<i>kon ni chi wa</i>	<i>sa yo na ra</i>
	THAILAND	<i>sawatdeeca</i>	<i>sawatdeeca</i>
	FRANCE	<i>bonjour</i>	<i>au revoir</i>
	SPAIN	<i>hola</i>	<i>adios</i>
	ITALY	<i>ciao</i>	<i>ciao</i>
	GERMANY	<i>guten Tag</i>	<i>auf Wiedersehen</i>

Check the correct answer.

1. Which countries have the same word for hello and goodbye?

☐ a. Spain and Japan

☐ b. France and Germany

☒ c. Thailand and Italy

☐ d. Japan and Italy

2. Which country's word for hello has less than two syllables?

☒ a. Italy

☐ b. Thailand

☐ c. Germany

☐ d. Spain

3. Which country's greeting includes a capital letter?

☐ a. Thailand

☐ b. Japan

☐ c. Spain

☒ d. Germany

4. What do people say for hello in Japan?

☐ a. Sa yo na ra

☒ b. Kon ni chi wa

☐ c. Bonjour

☐ d. Guten Tag

5. Which country's flag does not have three colors?

☒ a. Japan

☐ b. France

☐ c. Germany

☐ d. Thailand



I 閱讀能力測驗：詞彙與結構

請依照題意選出最適合的答案。

C 1. Hi. My name is Jennifer. It's nice to meet ____.

- Ⓐ them Ⓑ us
Ⓒ you Ⓓ me

B 2. Don't ____ your tongue out; it's not polite.

- Ⓐ touch Ⓑ stick
Ⓒ close Ⓓ kiss

B 3. I'm from ____.

- Ⓐ school Ⓑ England
Ⓒ country Ⓓ physics

C 4. I'm reading a story about a(n) ____ witch who eats children.

- Ⓐ romantic Ⓑ friendly
Ⓒ evil Ⓓ nice

A 5. Lisa ____ her friend's cheek and says, "Hi."

- Ⓐ kisses Ⓑ waves
Ⓒ high-fives Ⓓ bows

D 6. It's not ____ to shout at other people.

- Ⓐ active Ⓑ negative
Ⓒ successful Ⓓ polite

A 7. What time did you ____ your friend?

- Ⓐ meet Ⓑ introduce
Ⓒ know Ⓓ learn

B 8. Ken always greets me with a ____ when he walks by.

- Ⓐ cheek Ⓑ nod
Ⓒ thought Ⓓ culture

II 閱讀能力測驗：克漏字填空

請從四個選項中選出一個最適合的字詞填入空格中。

Yuki's friend, Tim, comes ① America. He is staying in Japan for two weeks. Tim says he's surprised ② almost everyone in Japan has black hair and ③ eyes. In America, people have black, brown, red, or blond hair and brown, blue, or green eyes. Tim also thinks that Japanese girls are beautiful, especially Yuki. Yuki likes Tim, too. Although he is chubby, he still looks ④. He has blond, curly hair ⑤ blue eyes. Yuki has a plan. She will tell him to eat only ⑥ food so that he loses weight.

B 1. Ⓐ to Ⓑ from
 Ⓒ for Ⓓ about

A 2. Ⓐ because Ⓑ and
 Ⓒ but Ⓓ too

D 3. Ⓐ gray Ⓑ green
 Ⓒ blue Ⓓ brown

B 4. Ⓐ ugly Ⓑ handsome
 Ⓒ thin Ⓓ fat

D 5. Ⓐ but Ⓑ or
 Ⓒ with Ⓓ and

B 6. Ⓐ Japan Ⓑ Japanese
 Ⓒ Japan's Ⓓ from Japan



閱讀能力測驗：閱讀理解
請依照文意選出最適合的答案。

In Taiwan, people often shake hands when they're being introduced. This is how they greet a new friend. Fifty years ago, they would nod at each other. Due to outside influences, much has changed. But you won't see people kissing each other on the cheek like they do in France. You will not see friends sticking their tongues out at each other as in Tibet. Taiwanese people, like they were 50 years ago, still don't like to do anything embarrassing.

- B 1. When do people shake hands?
- Ⓐ When they want to warm up
 - Ⓑ When they're meeting new friends
 - Ⓒ When they're 50 years old
 - Ⓓ When they're standing outside
- D 2. Which is true?
- Ⓐ Taiwan hasn't changed over the last 50 years.
 - Ⓑ Taiwanese kiss each other on the cheek.
 - Ⓒ French people stick out their tongues.
 - Ⓓ The world has influenced Taiwan a lot.
- C 3. What did Taiwanese people do 50 years ago to say hello?
- Ⓐ Kiss
 - Ⓑ Touch cheeks
 - Ⓒ Nod
 - Ⓓ Nothing
- A 4. What don't Taiwanese people like?
- Ⓐ Being embarrassed
 - Ⓑ Nothing at all
 - Ⓒ The outside world
 - Ⓓ Being too polite
- A 5. What is the best title for this story?
- Ⓐ Some Things Never Change
 - Ⓑ Embarrassed Tibetans
 - Ⓒ France: The Center of the World
 - Ⓓ Kissing Taiwanese Girls



寫作能力測驗：單句寫作

A 句子改寫

請依題目之提示，將原句改寫成指定型式，並將改寫的句子完整地寫出。

1. She's from Canada.

Where is she from?

2. Nancy has straight hair.

Who has straight hair?

3. My father is fine.

How is your father?

4. My sister's name is Katy.

What is your sister's name?

B 句子合併

請依照題目指示，將兩句合併成一句，並將合併的句子完整地寫出。

1. It's ten o'clock.

It's morning.

It's ten o'clock in the morning.

2. John and Helen are my classmates.

They are tall and nice.

My classmates, John and Helen, are tall and nice.

3. Their skirts are red.

Our skirts are yellow. (用but)

Their skirts are red, but our skirts are yellow.

C 重組

請將題目中所有提示字詞整合成一句有意義的句子，並將重組的句子完整地寫出。

1. My sister has green eyes and curly hair.

has / curly / My / green / eyes and / hair / sister

2. What color are your eyes?

color / What / are / eyes / your

3. Sandra doesn't have long hair.

long / Sandra / have / hair / doesn't

4. What does your brother look like?

like / does / What / brother / look / your

5. She's not thin, but she's beautiful.

beautiful / but / She's / she's / not thin,